Dopant atoms in "crystalline" solids: Understanding the influences of local compositions and structures on the properties of solid-state phosphors and heterogeneous catalysts

Advances in synthesis, characterization, and modeling capabilities enable the features of heterogeneous semi-crystalline solids to be measured, understood, and correlated with their macroscopic physicochemical properties. This includes solid-state phosphors and heterogeneous catalysts, such as rare-earthdoped oxides, and aluminosilicate zeolites, whose complicated compositional and structural order and disorder have important influences on their macroscale behaviors. By using a combination of scattering, bulk property, and solid-state NMR spectroscopy analyses, such materials can be probed over multiple length scales to obtain and correlate insights on local bonding environments, interactions, and distributions of functional moleties with their macroscopic material properties. Recent results will be presented on the influences of order and disorder on the photoluminescence or chemical reactivities of non-stoichiometric oxides, which can be used to guide their rational design for solid-state lighting or catalytic applications.

> Thursday, January 18 12:15 pm in room 1315 Chemistry



Materials Seminar

presented by **Prof. Brad Chmelka** University of California, Santa Barbara

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