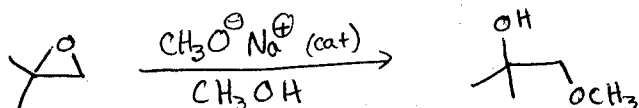


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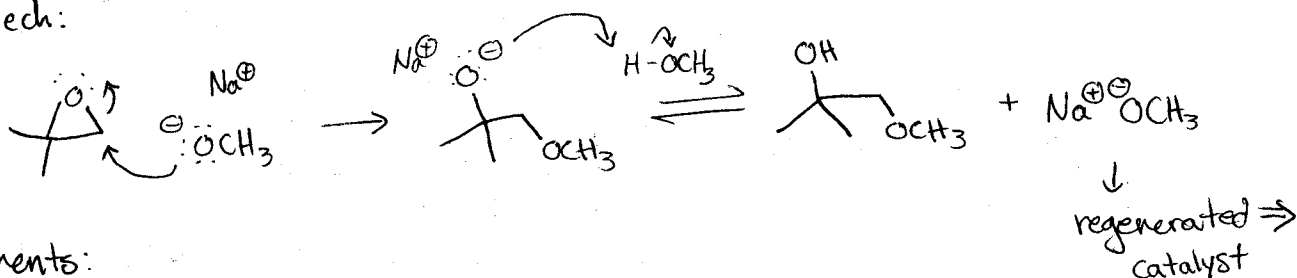
Recall: Rxns of epoxides with nucleophiles ("ring strain")

① S_N2 rxns w/ alkoxides (4 others)

Ex:



Mech:

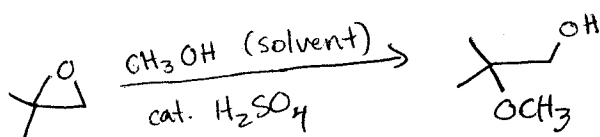


Comments:

- 1) Recall: alkoxides are not good S_N2 LGs - special case b/c of ring strain
- 2) S_N2 selectivity influenced by steric repulsion - explains why attack occurs @ less substituted C.

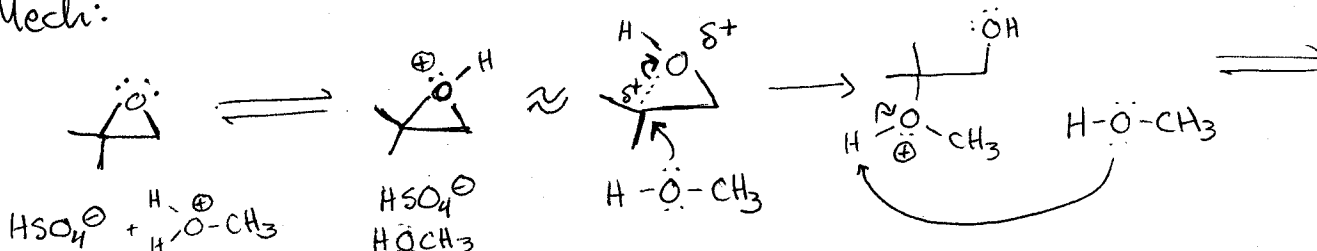
② Epoxide ring-opening under acidic conditions

Ex:

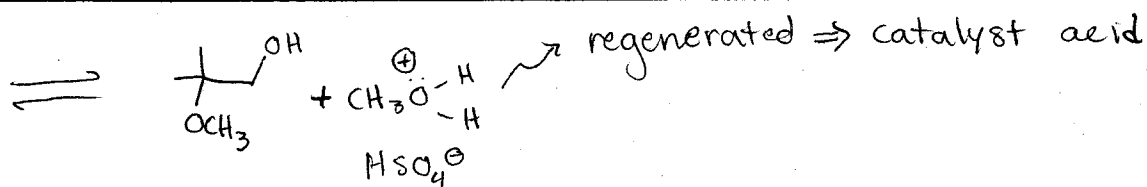


Isomer of previous product!

Mech:



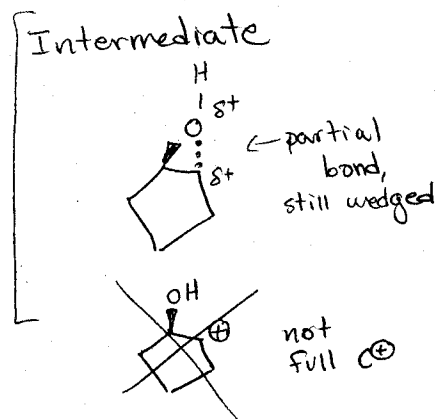
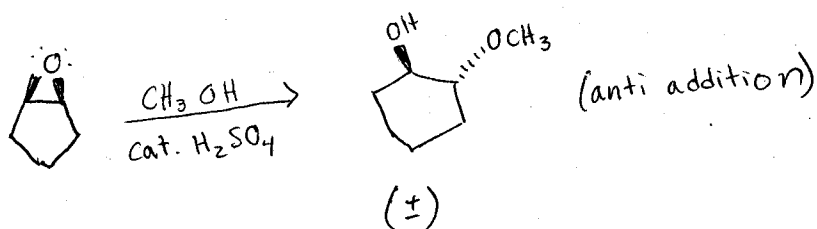
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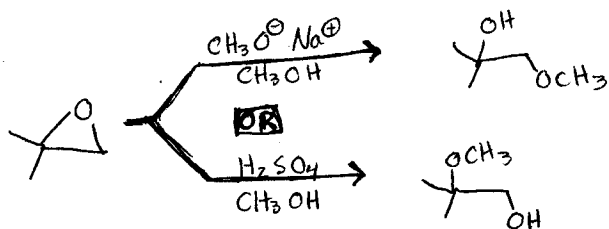
Recall: Regioselectivity argument here parallels argument for halohydrin formation

Formation $\left(\text{>C=C} \xrightarrow[\text{H}_2\text{O}]{\text{Br}_2} \text{>C(OH)-C(Br)} \right)$

Another example: highlights stereochemical issue

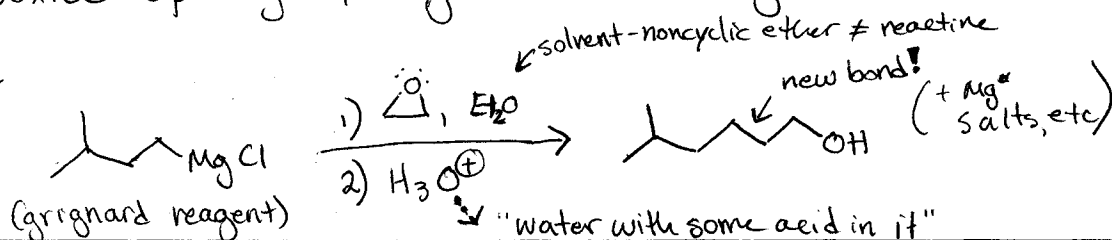


Note: Thus, alkoxide vs. acid catalysts provides predictable access to alternative regioisomers from unsymmetrical epoxides



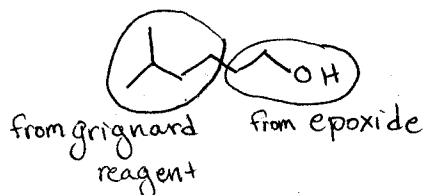
③ Epoxide opening w/ organometallic reagents (carbanion-like reactivity)

Ex:

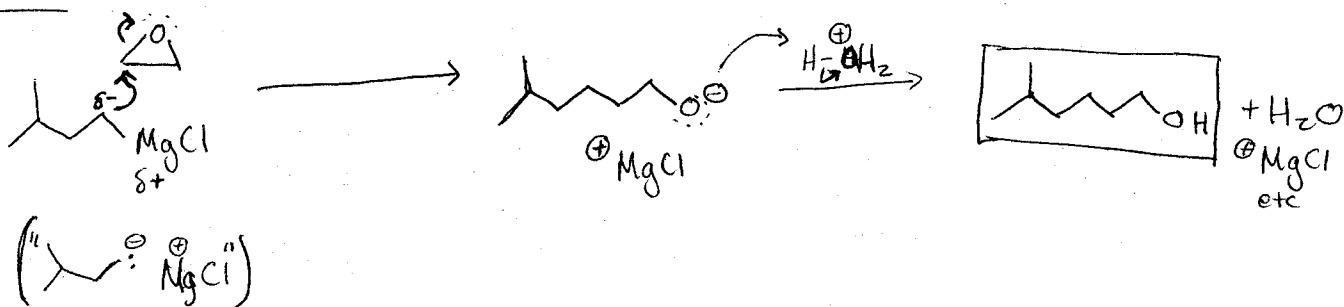


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Find SM in product



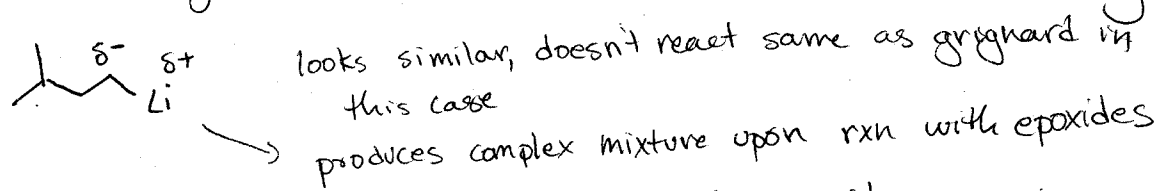
Mech:



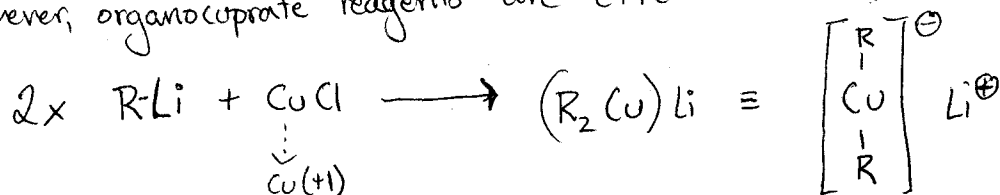
Comments:

(i) See text - Mg from another grignard reagent coordinates to epoxide oxygen: "Lewis Acid activation"

(ii) Organolithium reagents are not effective for epoxide opening



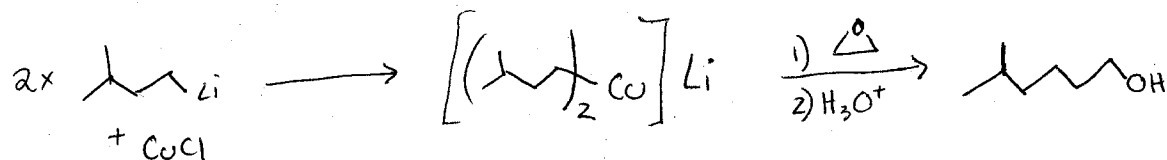
(iii) However, organocuprate reagents are effective for epoxide opening



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Thus,



Final note: Form new C-C bond! Very exciting.

(iii) $\nearrow$