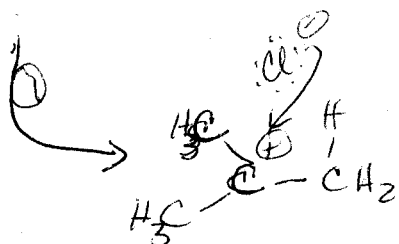
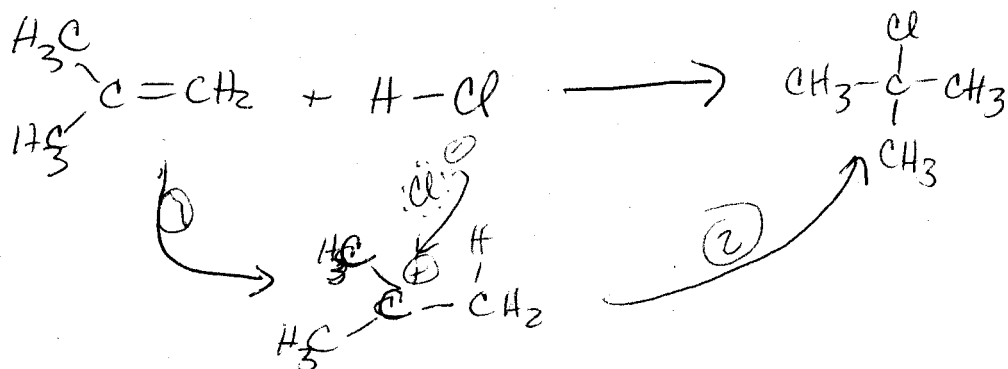


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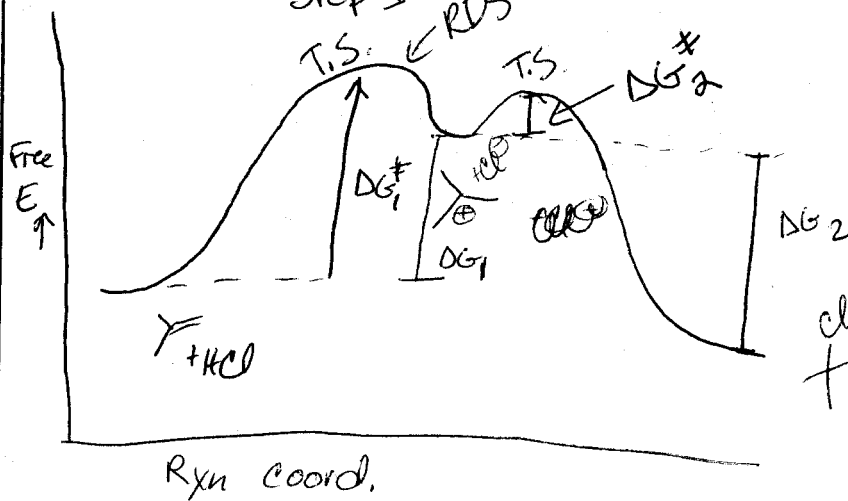
②

Step 1

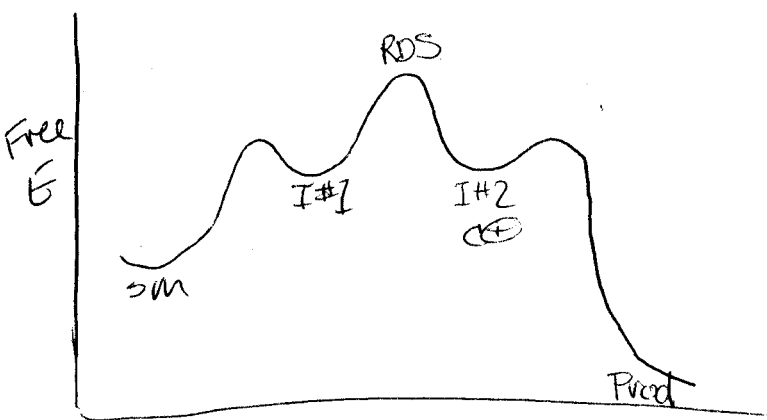
T.S. ← RDS

T.S.

ΔG[‡]₂



- One intermediate, 2 T.S
- Step w/ highest activation energy is RDS (rate determining step): determines how fast reaction goes



- 4 chemical species:
sm, I#1, I#2, Prod
- 3 TS
- Step 2 is RDS

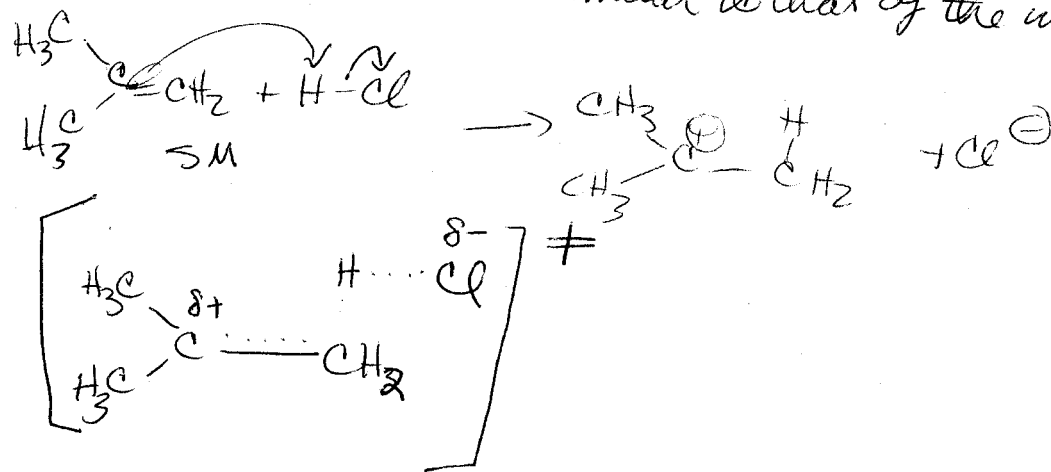
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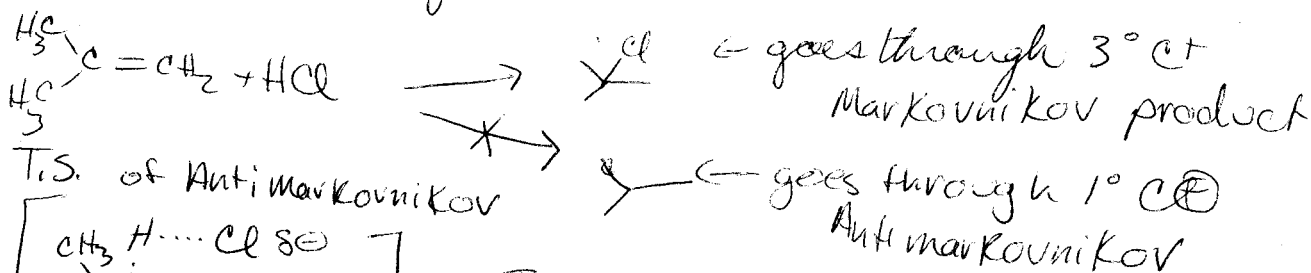
- Transition states are always at an energy maximum
→ React too quickly to actually isolate

Hammond Postulate:

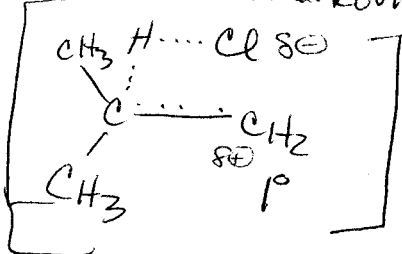
- T.S. that is adjacent to a $\uparrow E$ intermediate (i.e. formation or rxn) will have a structure similar to that of the intermediate.



Factors that stabilize C^+ in the intermediate will exert comparable stabilization on C^+ of the T.S.

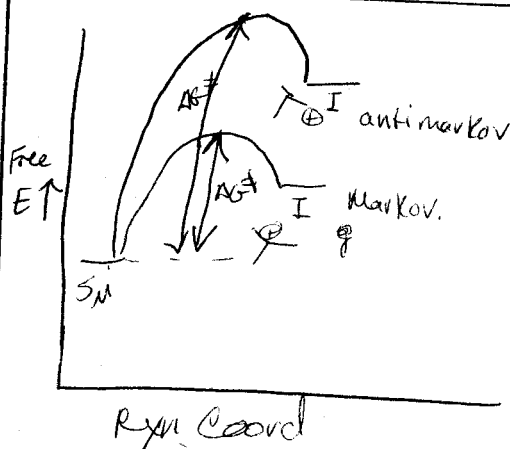


T.S. of Anti Markovnikov



• TS will not form if intermediate is really unstable

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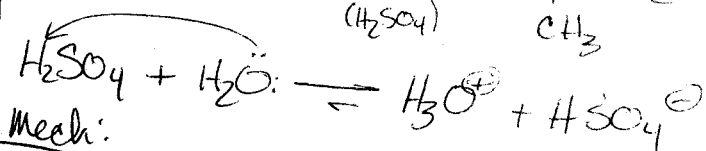
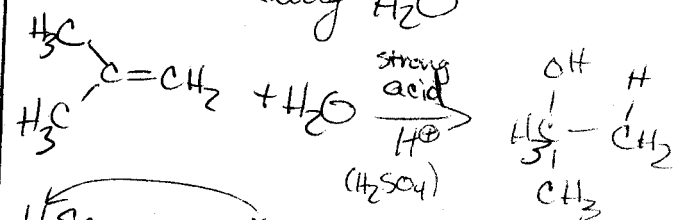


Catalysis

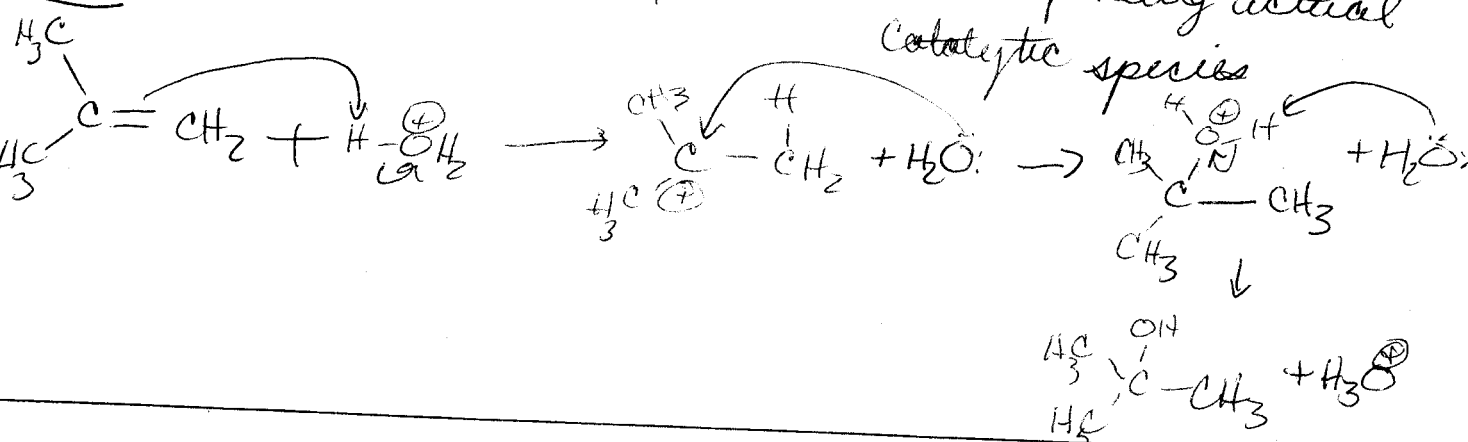
Catalyst = species that lowers $\Delta G^\ddagger$ for a process, but is not consumed in the rxn

Acid Catalysis of alkene Hydration

• C=C adding H_2O



H_3O^+ ends up being actual catalytic species

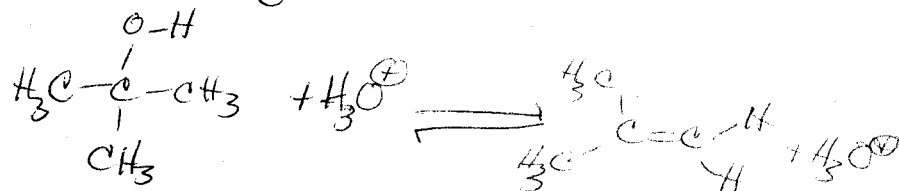


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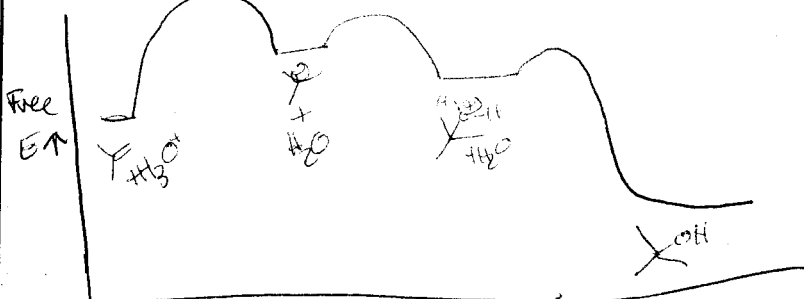
4 Imp't things about this:

1. H_3O^+ was regenerated
2. Similar to H-X addn.
3. $H-\overset{+}{O}H_2$ $H-OH$
 $pK_a \approx 2$ $pK_a \approx 16$

4. Reversible



RDS



• without acid, RDS would take too much E to ever happen

Rxn coord.

