H	our Exam #3
C	hemistry 343
P	rofessor Gellman
4	December 2013

Last Name	
First Name	

## General Instructions:

- (i) Use scratch paper at the back of the exam to work out answers; final answers must be recorded at the proper place on the exam itself for credit. Models are allowed.
- (ii) Print your name on each page.
- (iii) Please keep your paper covered and your eyes on your own work.
  Misconduct will lead to failure in the course.
- 1. (17 points) Show the major product(s) expected from the reactions below.

(single enantiomer)

2. (20 points) Show the reagents required to convert the starting molecule to the indicated product. If necessary, be sure to differentiate clearly between distinct steps, by using "1)", "2)", etc. over the arrow.

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3. (6 points) Draw the structure of molecule X in the box, based on the result of the reaction indicated below.

**	tBuONa		(The molecule shown is
X	tBuOH		the only product formed from X.)
(C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>15</sub> Br)		· ·	
		X =	

- 4. (14 points)
- (a) Draw the structures of molecules A and B in the appropriate boxes. A and B are isomers.

(b) Please fill in the blank: Isomeric relationship between A and B =

Name
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5. (14 points) Provide a mechanism (curved arrows) for the reaction below. Your mechanism must account for the stereochemical aspects of the reaction.

$$HO$$
 $HO$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

(single enantiomer)

(racemic)

6. (16 points)

(a) Provide a mechanism (curved arrows) for the reaction below.

$$\frac{\text{CI}}{\text{CH}_3\text{OH}} \qquad \frac{1 \text{ equiv. CH}_3\text{SNa}}{\text{CH}_3\text{OH}} \qquad \frac{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3}{\text{SCH}_3} \qquad (+ \text{ NaCI})$$

$$(\text{Molecular formula} = \text{C}_7\text{H}_{11}\text{OCI}) \qquad = \text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{OS})$$

(b) Indicate the structure of molecule Y in the box based on the information given below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} CI \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c}$$

(c) <u>Briefly</u> (no more than two sentences) explain why molecule Y retains a chlorine atom but the product of the reaction shown in part (a) does not.

Name	
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7. (13 points) Suggest a synthetic route (i.e., a specific sequence of reactions) that would be expected to produce the "target" molecule from the indicated starting material. You may use any reagents in your proposed route. Try to reach the target with the fewest possible reactions, and try to choose reactions that are as selective as possible for one target (rather than a mixture of targets).

Starting Material

<u>Target</u>

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Problem #	<u>Score</u>
1	/ 17
2	/ 20
3	/ 6
4	/14
5	/14
6	/16
7	/13

Total:

/100

## Periodic Table of the Elements

	····	<u> </u>	·		,	1
87 Fir (223)	55 Cs	37 <b>Rb</b> 85.47	39.10	Na 22.99	6.94	
88 <b>Ra</b> 226.03	56 <b>Ba</b> 137.34	38 <b>Sr</b> 87.62	20 <b>Ca</b> 40.08	Mg 24.31	<b>Be</b>	
89 <b>A</b> C (227)	57 <b>La</b> 138.91	30 <b>Y</b> 88.91	21 Sc 44.96			•
104 <b>Unq</b> *	72 <b>Hf</b> 178.49	40 <b>Zr</b> 91.22	<b>Ti</b> 47.90		,	1 H
Unp*	73 Ta	N <b>b</b>	23 V 50.94			
Unh*	74 W 183.85	<sup>42</sup> <b>Mo</b> 95.94	<sup>24</sup> Cr 52.00			
U <b>ns</b> *	75 <b>Re</b> 186.2	43 <b>Tc</b> 98.91	25 <b>Mn</b> 54.94			
* Uno*	76 <b>Os</b> 190.2	44 <b>Ru</b> 101.07	26 Fe 55.85			•
109 <b>Uṇa*</b> (266)	77 <b>IIr</b> 192.2	45 <b>Rh</b> 102.91	27 <b>Co</b> 58.93			
	78 <b>Pt</b> 195.09	46 <b>P.d</b> 106.4	28 <b>Ni</b> 58.71			
	79 <b>Au</b> 196.97	47 <b>Ag</b> 107.87	29 C <b>u</b> 63.55		# <del>2</del>	
-	80 <b>Hg</b> 200.59	48 <b>Cd</b> 112.40	30 <b>Zn</b> 65.37		•	
	81 <b>T]</b> 204.37	49 <b>[in</b> 114.82	31 <b>Ga</b> 69.72	13 <b>Al</b> 26.98	5 <b>B</b> 10.81	
	82 <b>Pb</b> 207.19	50 <b>Sn</b> 118.69	32 <b>Ge</b> 72.59	S; 28.09	6 C 12.011	
	83 <b>Bi</b> 208.98	S1 <b>Sb</b> 121.75	33 <b>As</b> 74.92	15 <b>P</b> 30.97	7 N 14.01	
	84 <b>Po</b> (209)	52 <b>Te</b> 127.60	34 Se 78.96	16 S 32.06	8 O 16.00	
	85 <b>At</b> (210)	53 1 126.90	35 <b>Br</b> 79.90	Cl 35.45	9 <b>F</b> 19.00	
	86 <b>R</b> 11 (222)	54 <b>Xe</b> 131.30	36 <b>Kr</b> 83.80	18 <b>A1</b> 39.95	10 <b>Ne</b> 20.18	2 <b>I-le</b> 4.003

Actinides

Pa

90 **Th** 232.04

(231)

238.03

(237)

(244)

(243)

(249)

(249)

(254)

[00] [Fin] (257)

101 **Md** (258)

95 **A**m

% Cim (247)

> 97 1**B**k

Of 98

83 66

102 **No** (259)

103 **L.j.** (260) Lanthanides

58 Ce

59 **Pı**: 140.91

6] **Pm** (145)

62 **Sm** 150.35

140.12

Nd 144.24

151.96

64 **Gd** 157.25

158.93

164.93

69 **Tm** 168.93

173.04

66 **Dy** 162.50

> 67 **Ho**

68 Er 167.26

71 **1.11** 174.97