

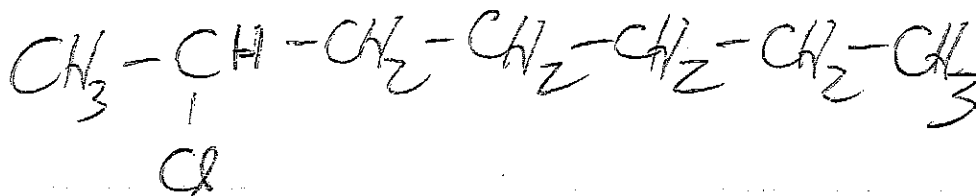
General Instructions:

- (i) Use scratch paper at back of exam to work out answers; final answers must be recorded at the proper place on the exam itself for credit. Models are allowed.
- (ii) Print your name on each page.
- (iii) Please keep your paper covered and your eyes on your own work. Misconduct will lead to failure in the course.

1. (15 points) Draw a structure that corresponds to each of the following names. Show all atoms in each structure, including hydrogen atoms.

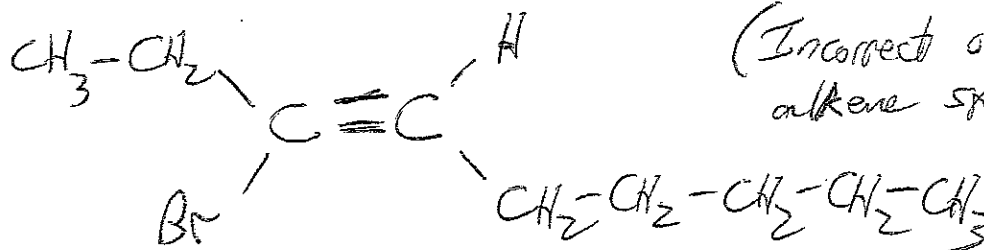
(a) 2-chloroheptane

(+5)

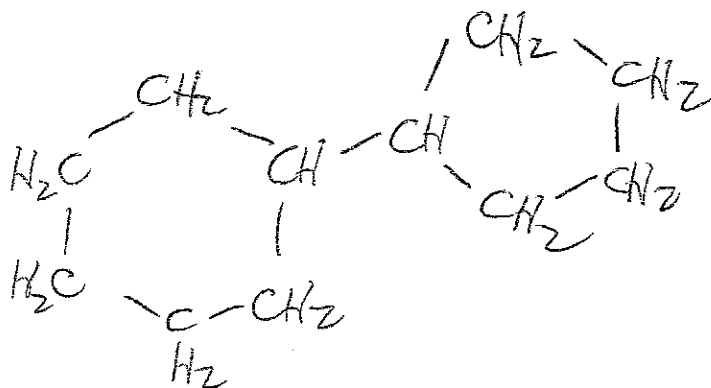


(b) Z-3-bromo-3-nonene

(+5)



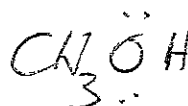
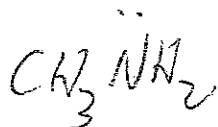
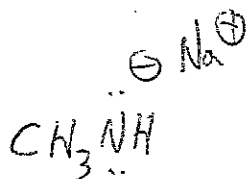
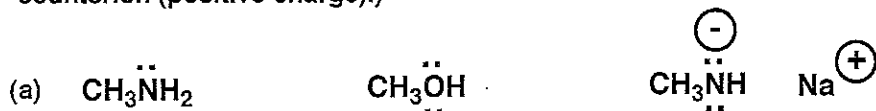
(c) cyclopentyl-cyclohexane



(+5)

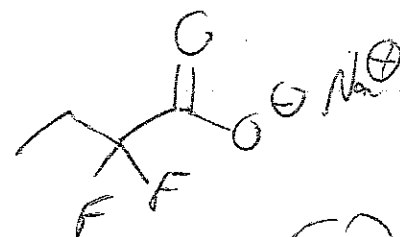
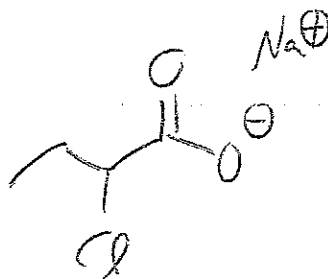
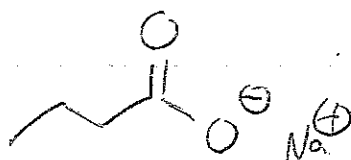
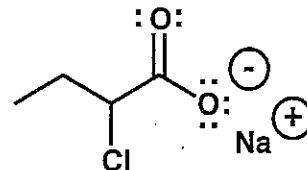
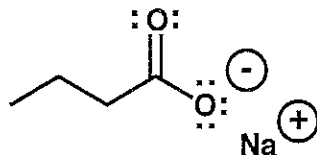
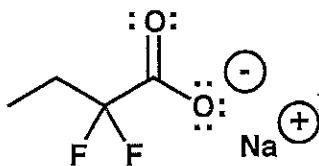
Name _____

2. (14 points) For each set of structures shown below, redraw the structures in the order of DECREASING basicity, left to right. (Note: Negative charges are balanced by a sodium (Na) counterion (positive charge).)



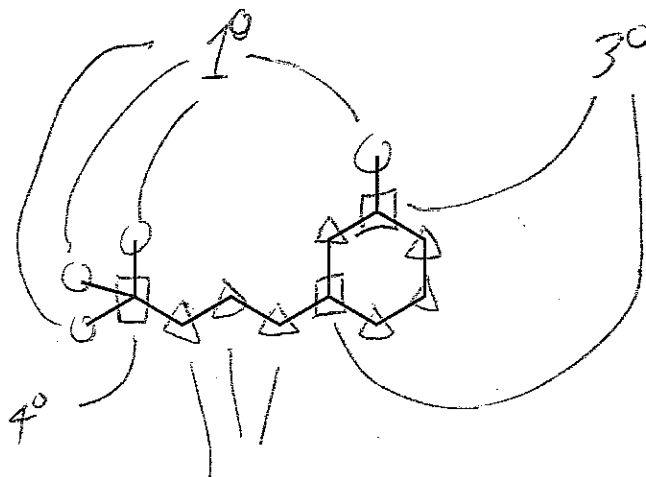
+17
7

(b)



+17
7

3. (7 points) On the structure shown below, indicate for EACH CARBON ATOM whether that atom is 1°, 2°, 3° or 4°.

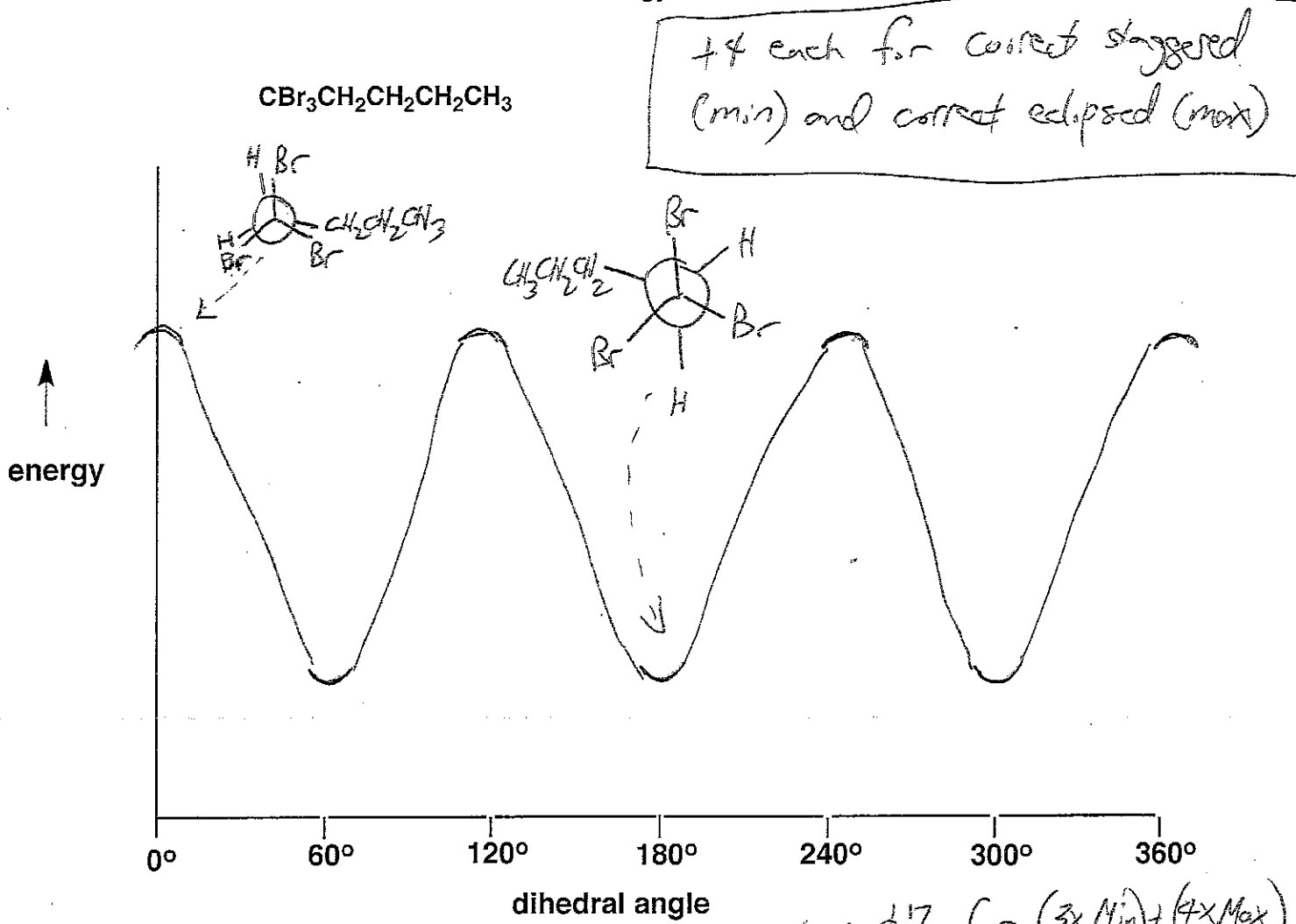


All triangles = 2°

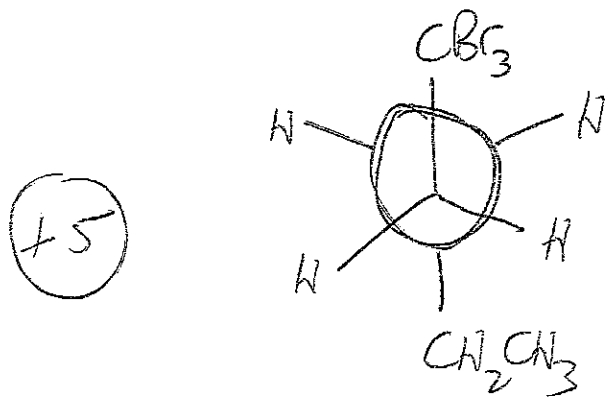
+1 for every
2 correct

4. (20 points)

(a) Shown below is 1,1,1-tribromopentane; draw the energy diagram for rotation about the bond between carbon-1 and carbon-2. Provide an appropriate drawing to identify at least one maximum and at least one minimum in this energy function.

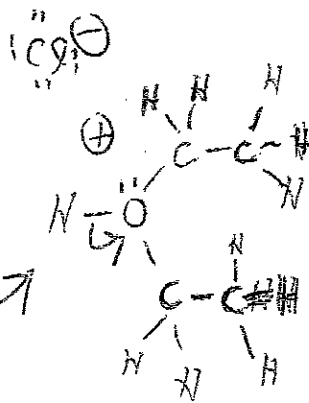
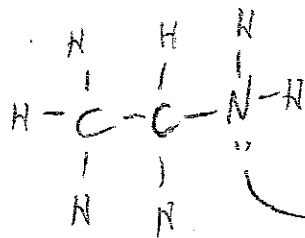
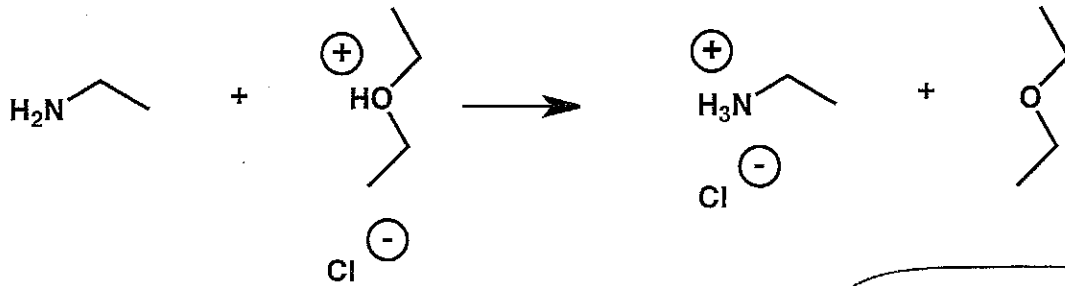


(b) Draw a Newman projection of the most stable conformation about the bond between carbon-2 and carbon-3.

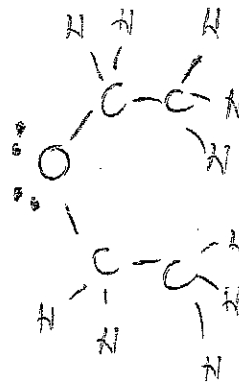
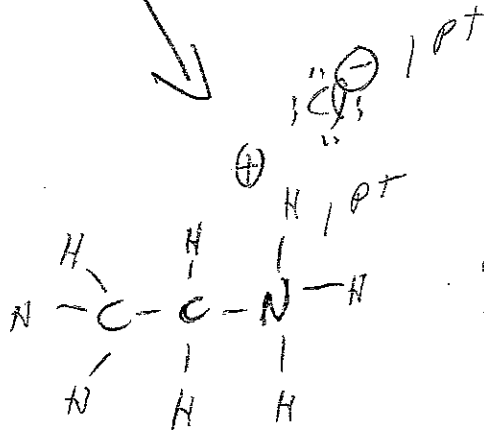


Name _____

5. (14 points) Provide a mechanism (curved arrows) for the reaction shown below. Show all atoms, bonds and lone pairs in each structure in your mechanism. [Note: The chloride counterion is just a 'bystander' in this process.]



Each correct curved arrow = +3
(+6 total)
-3 pts wrong arrow



Each correct structure

= +2

(+8 total)

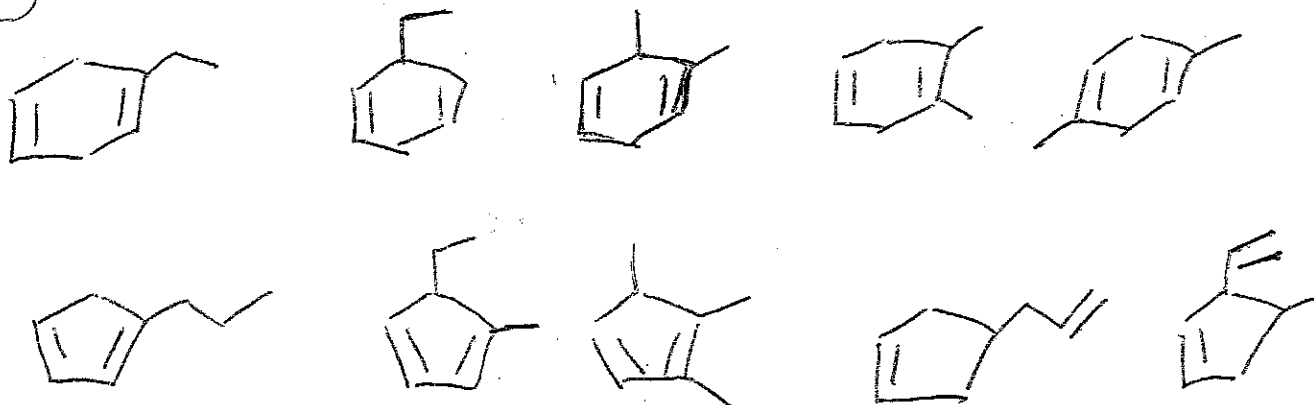
- 2 pt wrong structure
- 1 pt missing charge
- 1 pt correct if draw in H on original but forgot to indicate
- H₂N-CH₂-CH₃ etc orb OK

6. (30 points)

(a) A hydrocarbon with the formula C_8H_{12} is exposed to excess H_2 in the presence of Pd/C as catalyst. TWO equivalents of H_2 are consumed, to generate a product with formula C_8H_{16} (this product does not react further with H_2 in the presence of Pd/C).

Propose THREE possible structures for the starting material C_8H_{12} (via appropriate drawings).

Many possible correct structures (2 π -bonds + 1 ring)
 (+5) for each correct structure. Examples:



(b) A different hydrocarbon with the formula C_8H_{12} is exposed to excess H_2 in the presence of Pd/C as catalyst. ONE equivalent of H_2 is consumed, to generate a product with formula C_8H_{14} (this product does not react further with H_2 in the presence of Pd/C).

Propose THREE possible structures for the starting material C_8H_{12} (via appropriate drawings).

Multiple correct possibilities (1 π -bond, 2 rings). Violations of Bredt's rule OK. (+5) for each correct structure. Examples:

