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What I learned @ U. Penn.

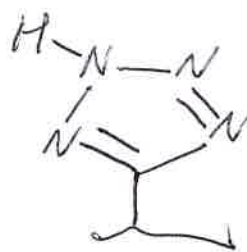
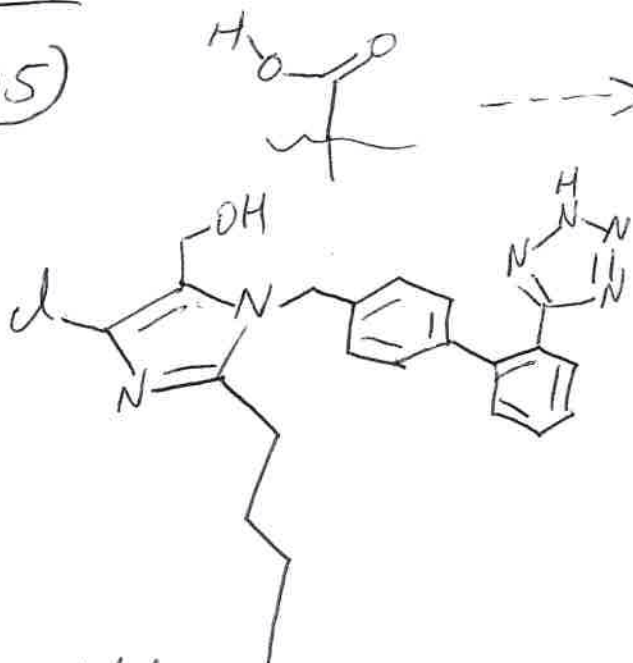
"Bioisostere" = Replacement fragment

→ Medicinal chemistry & Drug Design

Example:

(pKa ~ 5)

Drug:



(High blood pressure drug)

Recall: Aldol condensation

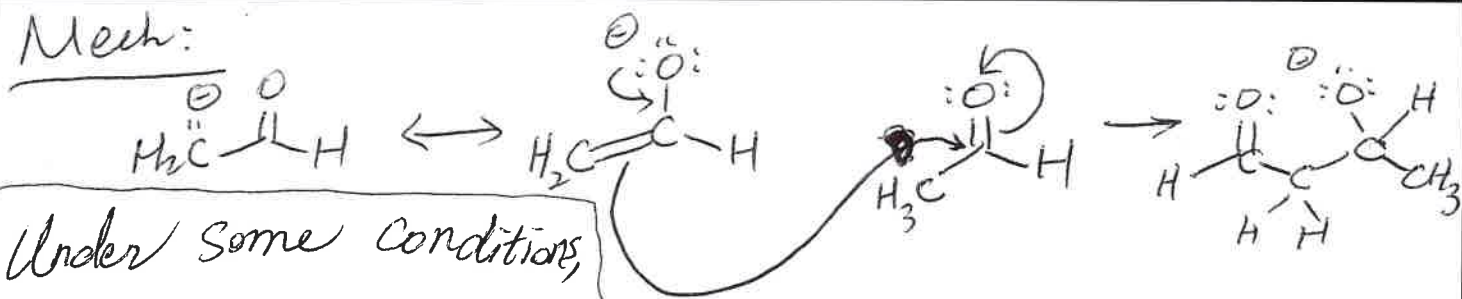
Combine electrophilic reactivity of $\text{C}=\text{O}$ w/
 nucleophilic reactivity of $\text{C}=\text{C}$ (enolate)

Ex:



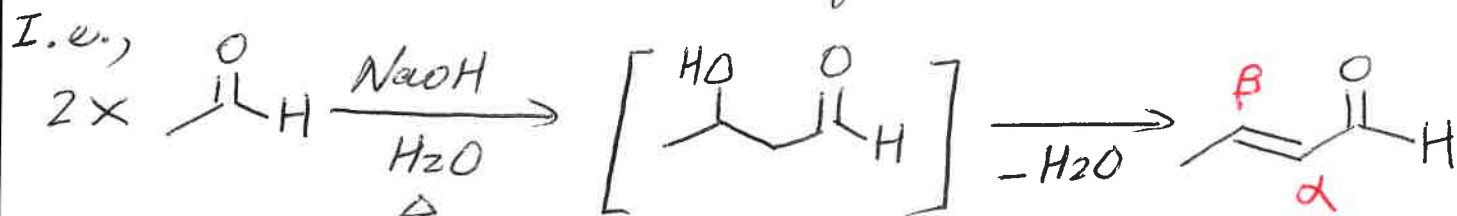
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Mech:

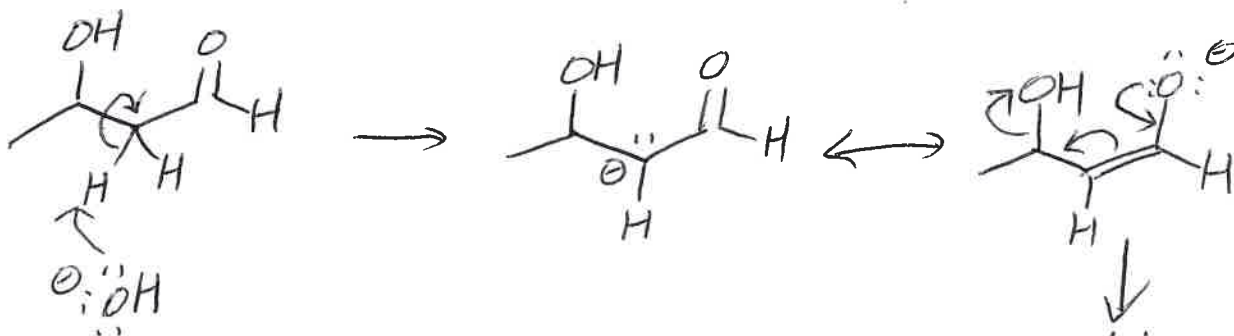


Under some conditions, the "aldol"

Product undergoes further rxn (elimination) to form an " α, β -unsaturated" aldehyde".

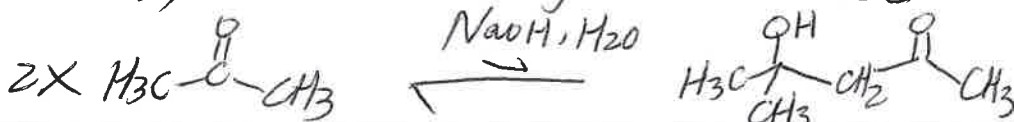


Mech: NOT E2.



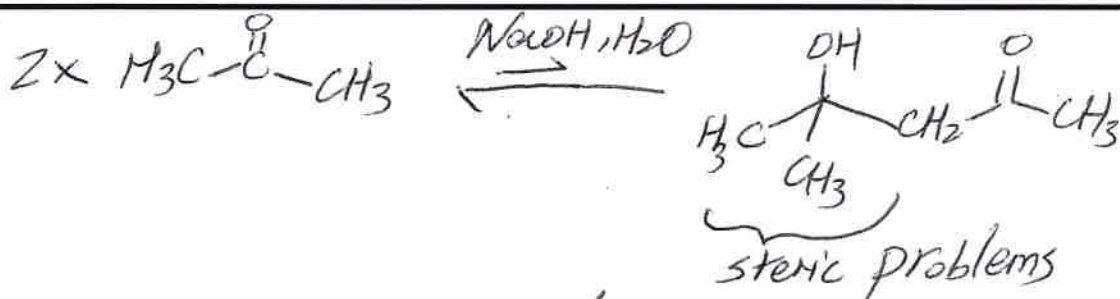
All steps in aldol mechanism are

reversible. For ketones, reverse rxn is favored under basic conditions.

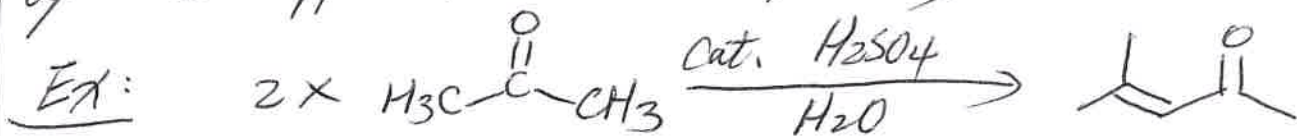


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Aldol rxns can occur under acidic conditions, too, w/ a different (but comparable) mechanism...

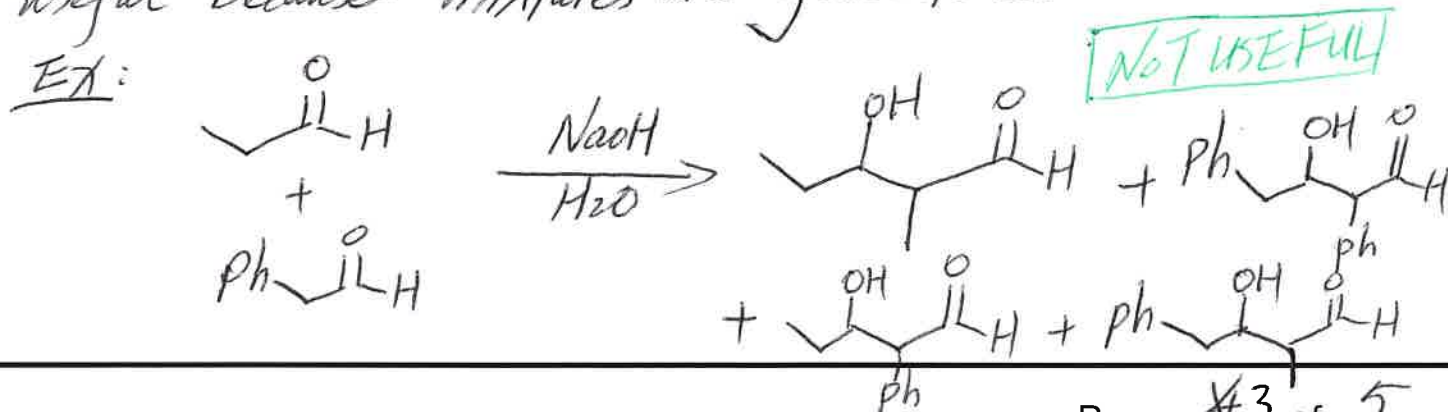


Note: always observe elimination under acidic conditions.

Note: Ketone rxn is efficient in acid; elimination prevents reverse aldol.

"Cross aldol" — attractive from synthetic perspective, but how accomplish?

In many cases, crossed aldol is not preparatively useful because mixtures are generated.

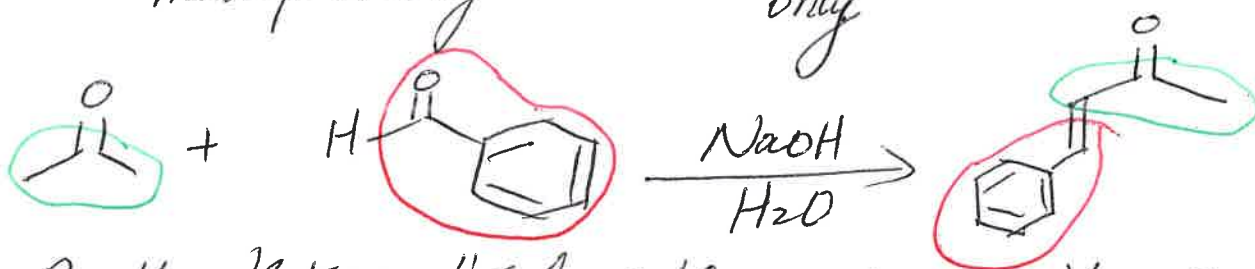


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Special case:

Ketone + aldehyde w/o α H's
↓
nucleophile only → electrophile only

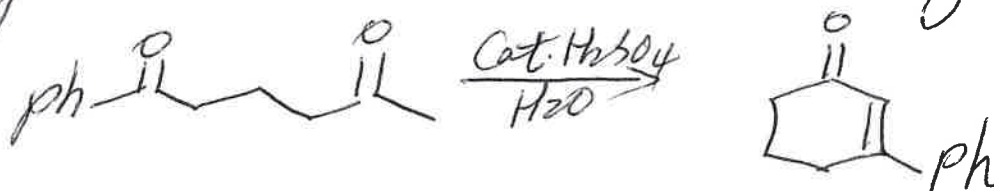


Recall: Ketone "self self-condensation" unfavorable.

∴ Ketone won't serve as ~~electrophile~~ electrophile.

Observe: Aldehyde lacks α H's, thus, cannot serve as ~~elect~~ nucleophile.

Another special case: Intramolecular condensation, leading to a 5- or 6-membered ring.



(Consider sources of selectivity ...)

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Analogous rxns involving ester rather than aldehydes
 Ketones.

[C(+3) vs. C(+2)] "claisen condensation"

