

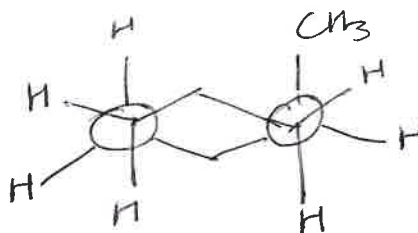
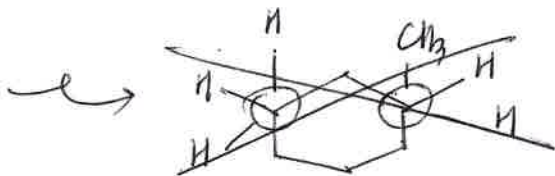
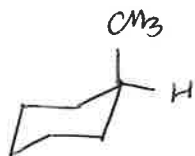
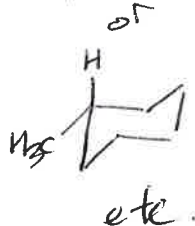
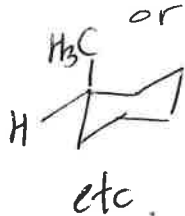
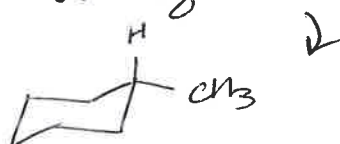
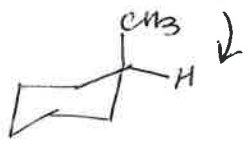
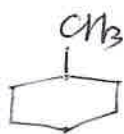
Course 343-5! Lecturer Prof. Gellman!  
 Day Friday! Hooray! Date 10/21/2016!  
 Notes Taken By Sungho! Total # of Pages Five!

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Recall: Cyclohexane is a strain-free cycloalkane

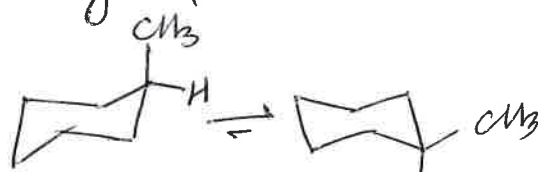


Substituents: axial vs. equatorial



Cyclohexane 2 chair conformations

Interconversion from one chair to the other ("flip") interconverts all axial & equatorial bonding partners. (Ax → Eq, Eq → Ax)



(ax. CH<sub>3</sub>)

(eq. CH<sub>3</sub>)

$\Delta H$  (kcal/mol)

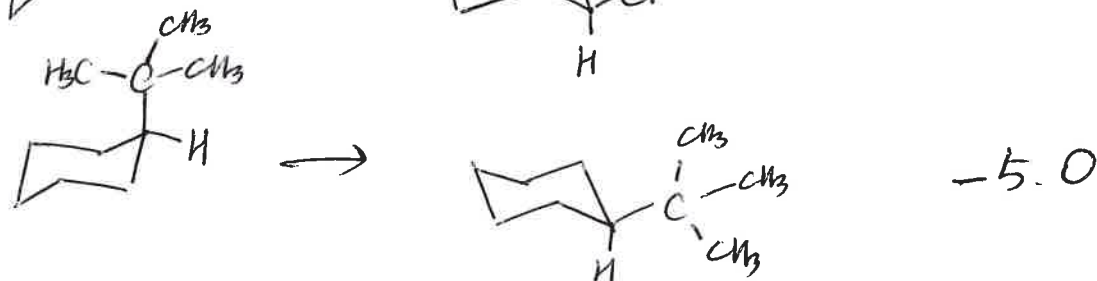
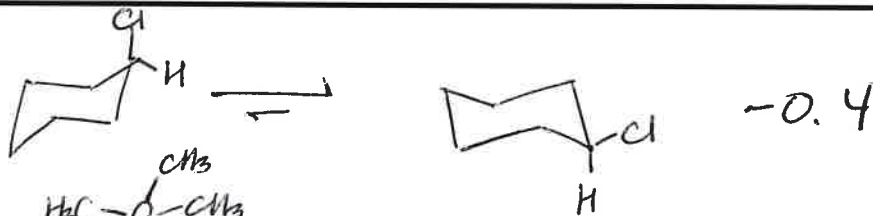
~ -1.8 (A measure of CH<sub>3</sub> "size")

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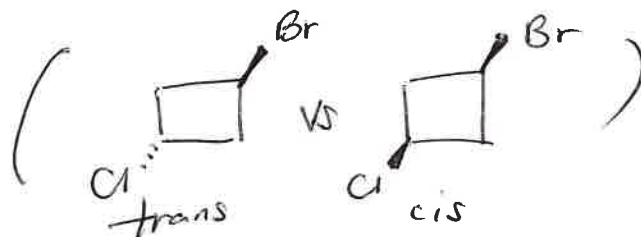
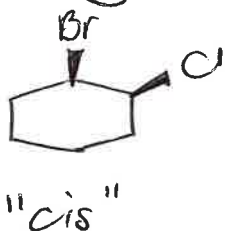
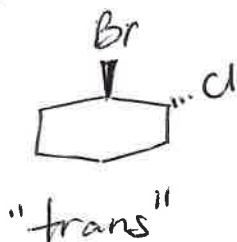
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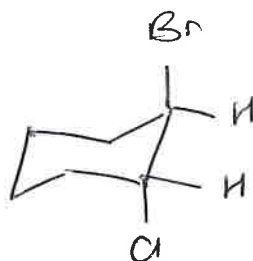


(<sup>t</sup>Bu "locks" the ring into one chair)

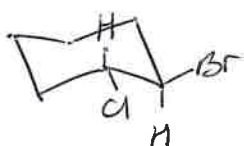
Disubstituted rings



Trans:



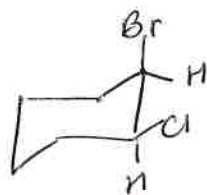
diaxial



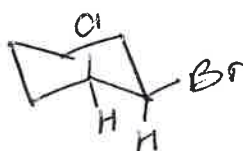
diequatorial

(favored)

Cis:



ax, eq



eq, ax

Work out drawings for cis & trans 1,3 & 1,4

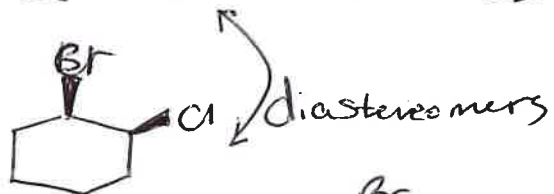
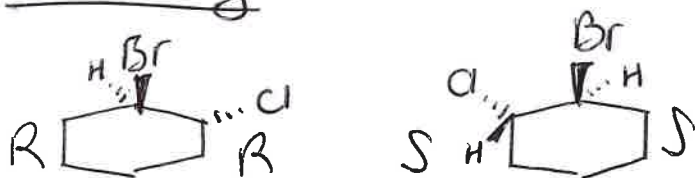
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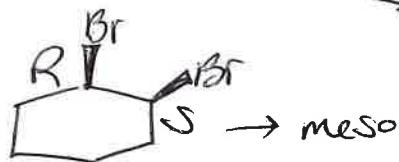
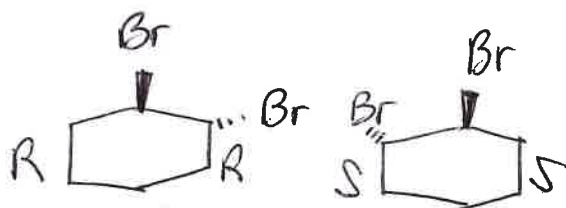
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### Chirality



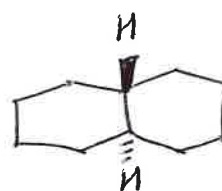
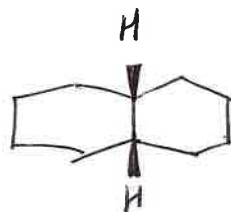
Consider



### Multiple rings

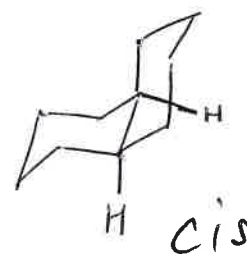
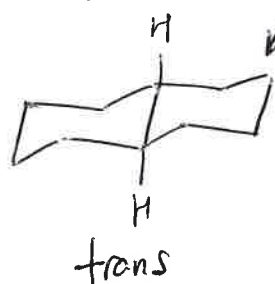
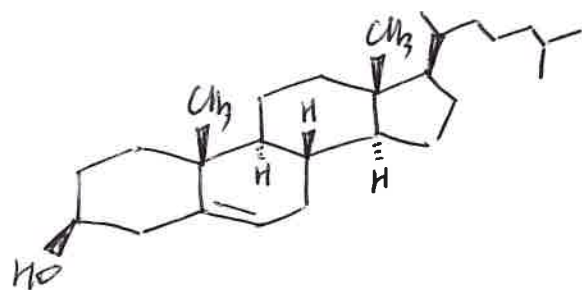


2 isomers :



cis-decalin

trans-decalin



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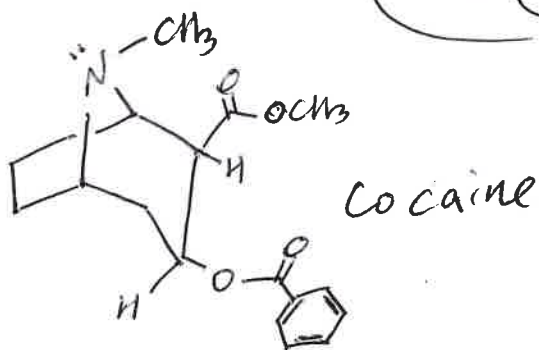
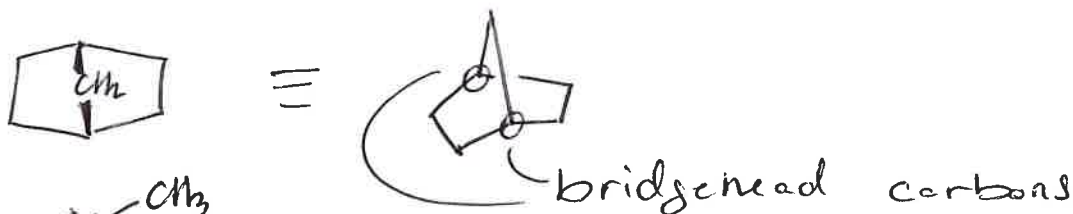
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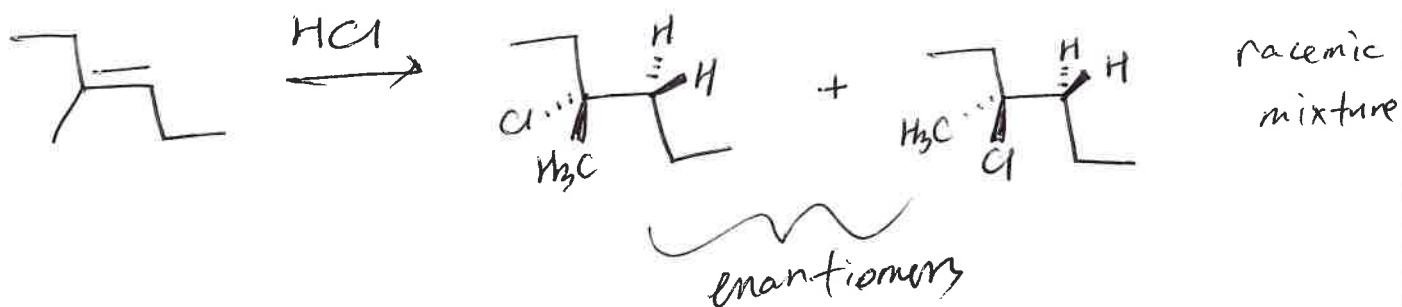
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Bridged bicyclic systems

• Norbornane

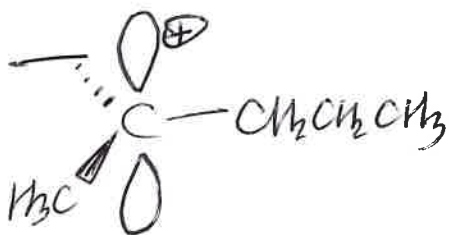


Interplay between Stereochemistry & organic reactivity  
General case: achiral SM  $\rightarrow$  product w/ 1 chiral center



Mechanistic rationale for the fact that product is racemic

Intermediate  
is planar



Cl<sup>⊖</sup> attack  
equally likely  
from either side

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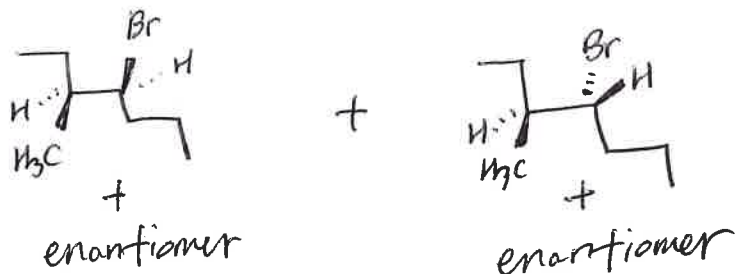
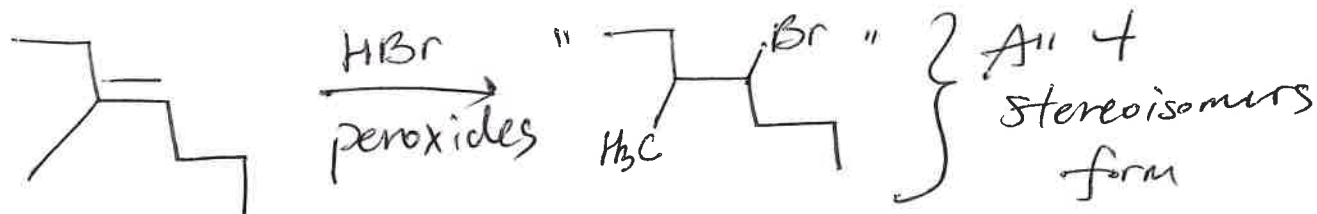
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Achiral SM  $\leftrightarrow$  product w/ 2 chiral centers

- Sometimes, all possible stereoisomers are formed.



Mech. rationale: the two chiral centers  
are formed in separate steps,  
w/o correlation

