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Course 565/665 Lecturer Prof. Cavagnero
Day 3-23-04 Date 9:55 am
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S change as a fn. of P .

$$dS = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial P} \right)_{T,N} dP$$

maxwell relation $\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial P} \right)_{T,N} = - \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_{P,N} = -V\alpha$

α is tabulated for many substances.

$$dS = -\alpha V dP \quad \Delta S = \int_{P_1}^{P_2} -\alpha V dP$$

for IG. $\alpha = \frac{1}{T}$ $\Delta S = \int_{P_1}^{P_2} -\frac{V}{T} dP = -nR \int_{P_1}^{P_2} \frac{dP}{P} = -nR \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$

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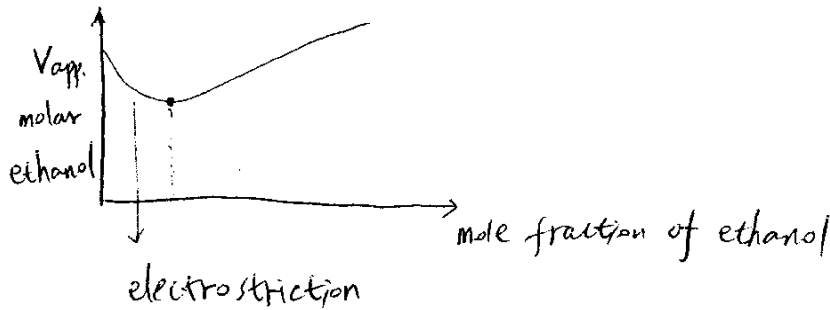
Partial molar quantities

1. one-component system $\bar{v} = \frac{V}{n}$ $g = \frac{G}{n}$ (at const. T.P.)
2. multi-component system.

$$V_j = \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial n_j} \right)_{T,P, n_{i \neq j}}$$

$$dV = \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial n_j} \right)_{T,P, n_{i \neq j}} \cdot dn_j = \sum_{j=1}^n V_j dn_j$$

different component sometimes interact.



$$V_{app, ETOH} = \frac{V_{tot} - n_w V_w}{n_{ethh}}$$

chemical potential.

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_i &= \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial N_i} \right)_{V,S, N_{i \neq j}} = \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial N_i} \right)_{T,V, N_{i \neq j}} \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial N_i} \right)_{P,S, N_{i \neq j}} = \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial N_i} \right)_{T,P, N_{i \neq j}} \end{aligned}$$

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$\mu_j \rightarrow$ partial molar G .

$$G = H - TS \Rightarrow \mu_j = h_j - TS_j$$

relationship among partial molar quantities,

$$V_{tot} = \sum_{j=1}^N N_j V_j$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} dV &= \sum_{j=1}^N N_j dV_j + \sum_{j=1}^N V_j dN_j \\ \text{known already } dV &= \sum_{j=1}^N V_j dN_j \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \sum_{j=1}^N N_j dV_j = 0$$

similarly $\sum_{j=1}^N N_j d\mu_j = 0$. Gibbs-Duhem eqn.