

1. Tabulated below are the results of stress relaxation measurements made on a sample of bisphenol A poly(carbonate). Construct the master curve and calculate the two WLF constants for a reference temperature of 150.8°C.

T/°C	log t	log E(t)	T/°C	log t	log E(t)
130	2.00	10.25	145.6	2.75	9.03
	2.25	10.25		3.00	8.72
	2.50	10.25		3.25	8.50
	2.75	10.25		3.50	8.25
	3.00	10.22		3.75	8.09
	3.25	10.19		4.00	7.94
	3.50	10.16	146	2.50	8.72
	3.75	10.13		2.75	8.47
	4.00	10.06		3.00	8.25
	4.25	10.03		3.25	8.06
141	2.00	10.19		3.50	7.94
	2.25	10.19		3.75	7.82
	2.50	10.16		4.00	7.67
	2.75	10.13	150.8	2.00	7.97
	3.00	10.09		2.25	7.85
	3.25	10.03		2.50	7.78
	3.50	9.94		2.75	7.72
	3.75	9.82		3.00	7.69
	4.00	9.66		3.25	7.64
	4.25	9.50		3.50	7.59
142	2.00	10.13		3.75	7.55
	2.25	10.09		4.00	7.50
	2.50	10.03		4.25	7.44
	2.75	9.97		4.50	7.34
	3.00	9.88		4.75	7.25
	3.25	9.67	156	2.00	7.59
	3.50	9.63		2.25	7.55
	3.75	9.47		2.50	7.50
	4.00	9.22		2.75	7.41
144.9	2.25	9.66		3.00	7.34
	2.50	9.50		3.25	7.25
	2.75	9.28		3.50	7.19
	3.00	9.03		3.75	7.06
	3.25	8.88		4.00	6.94
	3.50	8.66		4.25	6.78
				4.50	6.59
				4.75	6.38
				5.00	6.13

Chem 654, Spring 2001
Problem Set

#6-2

T/°C	log t	logE(t)	T/°C	log t	logE(t)
159	2.25	7.34	167	2.25	6.72
	2.50	7.25		2.50	6.60
	2.75	7.16		2.75	6.25
	3.00	7.03		3.00	5.97
	3.25	6.94		3.25	5.63
	3.50	6.78		3.50	5.22
	3.75	6.63	171	2.25	6.00
	4.00	6.41		2.50	5.72
	4.25	6.13		2.75	5.41
	4.50	5.85		3.00	5.03
	4.75	5.53		3.25	4.63
161.5	2.25	7.06			
	2.50	6.97			
	2.75	6.85			
	3.00	6.64			
	3.25	6.50			
	3.50	6.31			
	3.75	6.06			
	4.00	5.78			
	4.25	5.47			

2. Creep behavior of a viscoelastic body is commonly modeled by Voigt element. Applied stimulus is a constant stress σ_0 over a time interval, $t_1 \leq t < t_2$, and $\sigma = 0$ otherwise. Show that the time dependent strain is given by

$$\gamma(t) = \frac{\sigma_0}{G_V} [1 - e^{-(t-t_1)/\tau_V}] \quad \text{for } t_1 \leq t < t_2 \quad (1)$$

and

$$\gamma(t) = \frac{\sigma_0}{G_V} [1 - e^{-(t_2-t_1)/\tau_V}] \cdot e^{-(t-t_2)/\tau_V} \quad (t_2 \leq t) \quad (2)$$

Chem 654, Spring 2001
Problem Set

#6-3

3. A) A Maxwell element under a periodic strain, $\gamma(t) = \gamma_0 \cdot e^{i\omega t}$, gives rise to a periodic stress with the same frequency but at a phase lag δ , $\sigma(t) = \sigma_0 e^{i(\omega t + \delta)} = \sigma_0^* \cdot e^{i\omega t}$. Prove that the corresponding complex modulus, $\sigma(t)/\gamma(t) \equiv G^*(\omega)$, is given by

$$G^*(\omega) = G_M \left[\frac{\omega^2 \tau_M^2}{1 + \omega^2 \tau_M^2} + i \frac{\omega \tau_M}{1 + \omega^2 \tau_M^2} \right] = G'(\omega) + iG''(\omega) \quad (3)$$

- B) The parallel case with a Voigt element under a periodic stress, $\sigma(t) = \sigma_0 \cdot e^{i\omega t}$, causes a periodic strain, $\gamma(t) = \gamma_0^* \cdot e^{i\omega t}$. Prove that the complex compliance, $\gamma(t)/\sigma(t) \equiv J^*(\omega)$, is expressed as

$$J^*(\omega) = \frac{1}{G_V} \left[\frac{1}{1 + \omega^2 \tau_V^2} - i \frac{\omega \tau_V}{1 + \omega^2 \tau_V^2} \right] = J'(\omega) - iJ''(\omega) \quad (4)$$

- C) Plot $G'(\omega)/G_M$ & $G''(\omega)/G_M$ vs. $\log \omega \tau_M$ and $J'(\omega)G_V$ & $J''(\omega)G_V$ vs. $\log \omega \tau_V$.
D) Show that the work done to a Maxwell element for one period is given by

$$W = \oint \sigma(t) d\gamma = \int_0^{2\pi/\omega} \sigma(t) \cdot \dot{\gamma} dt = \pi \gamma_0^2 G'' \quad (5),$$

and determine the relaxation time τ_M and W if $G_M = 5 \cdot 10^5$ Pa, $\eta_M = 2 \cdot 10^3$ Pa·s, $\gamma_0 = 0.05$ and $f = 60$ Hz.