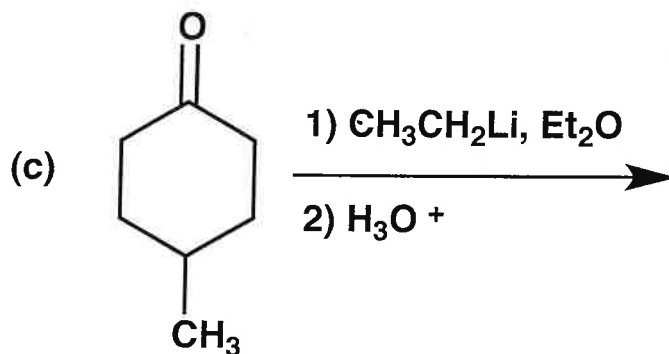
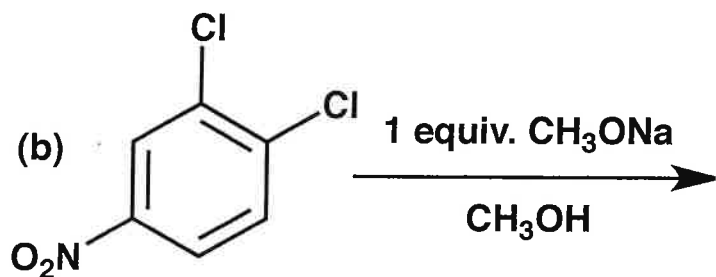
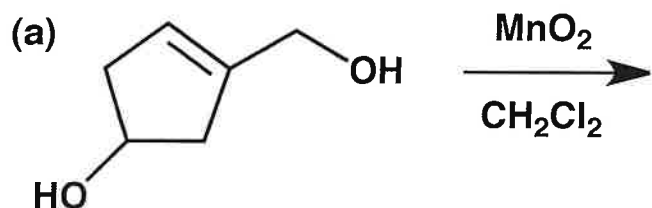


General Instructions:

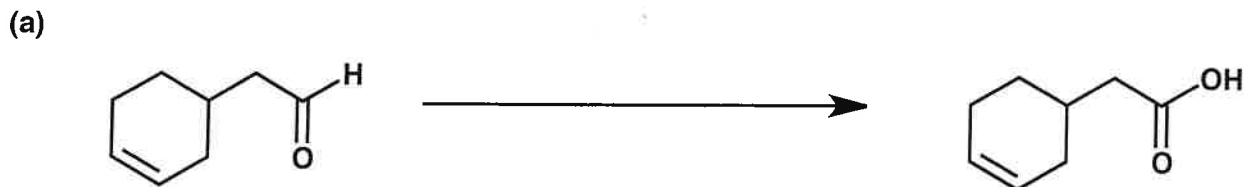
- (i) Use scratch paper at back of exam to work out answers; final answers must be recorded at the proper place on the exam itself for credit. Models are allowed.
- (ii) Print your name on each page.
- (iii) Please keep your paper covered and your eyes on your own work. No electronic devices may be used. Misconduct will lead to failure in the course.

1. (17 points) Show the product(s) expected from the reactions indicated below.



Name _____

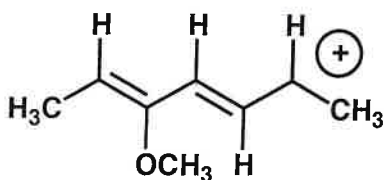
2. (23 points) Show the reagents and other organic molecules required to convert the starting material to the indicated product. Be sure to differentiate clearly between distinct steps, by using "1)", "2)", etc. over or under the arrow.



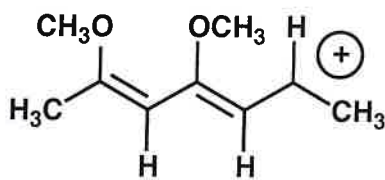
Name _____

3. (10 points)

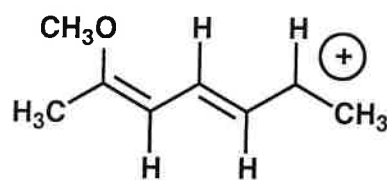
(a) Rank the three carbocations below in terms of DECREASING stability, i.e., from MOST stable on the left to LEAST stable on the right.



I



II

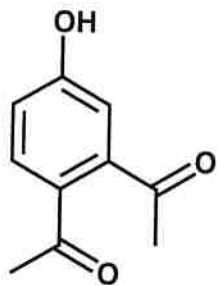


III

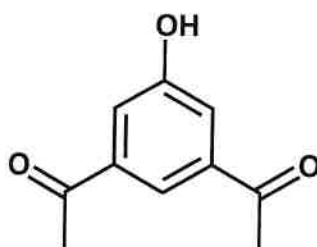
Decreasing stability:

_____ > _____ > _____

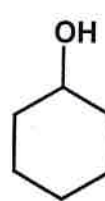
(b) Rank the three ^{molecules}phenols below in terms of DECREASING pK_a i.e., from HIGHEST pK_a on the left to LOWEST pK_a on the right.



IV



V



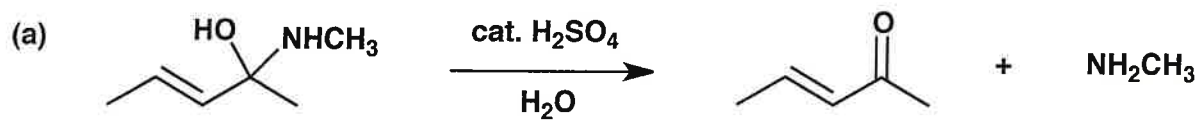
VI

Decreasing pK_a :

_____ > _____ > _____

Name _____

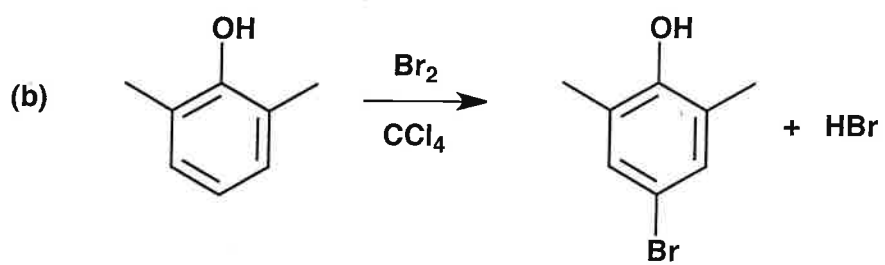
4. (19 points) Provide a mechanism (curved arrows) for each reaction shown below. Draw all important resonance structures for intermediates.



(cont. on next page)

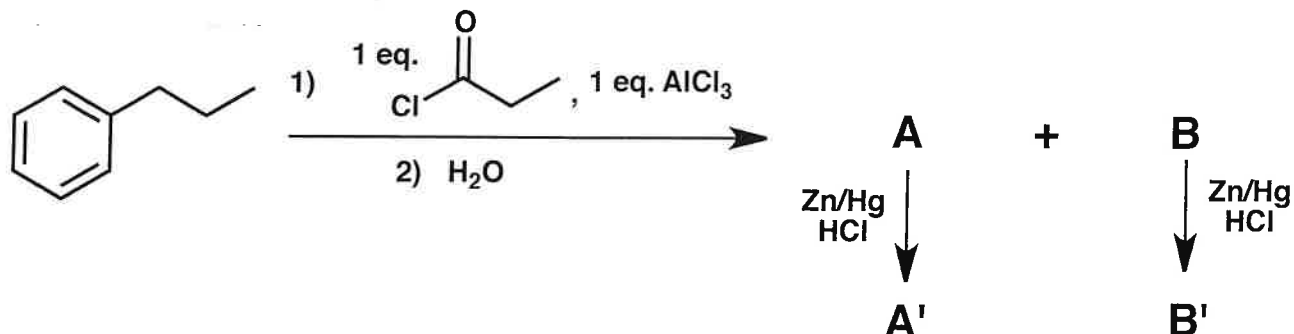
Name _____

4. (cont.)



Name _____

5. (16 points) The first reaction indicated below gives rise to two products, A and B. When these products are separated from one another and individually subjected to the second reaction, product A' or B' is generated. Based on the ^{13}C NMR data given below, provide structures for A, B, A' and B' in the indicated boxes.



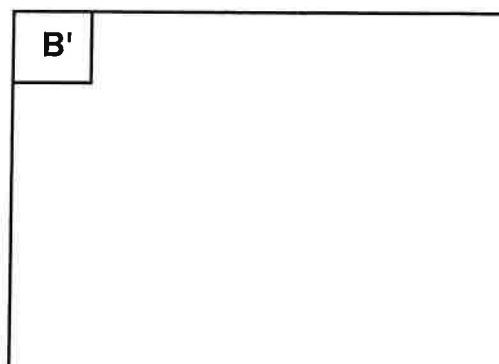
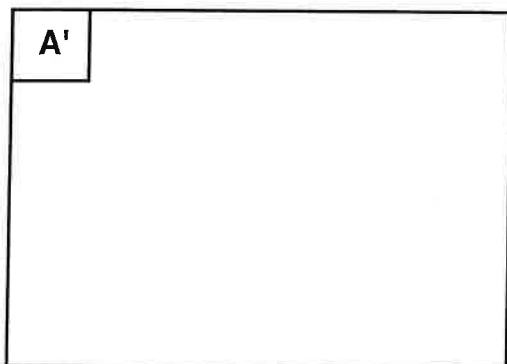
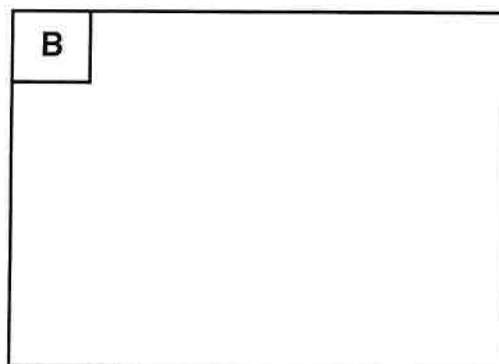
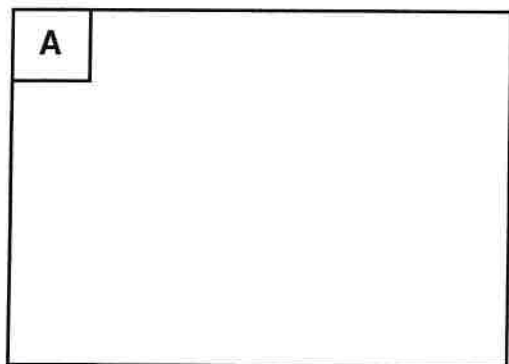
^{13}C NMR data:

Compound A -- 5 resonances < 50 ppm, 4 resonances 120-140 ppm, 1 resonance ~200 ppm.

Compound B -- 5 resonances < 50 ppm, 6 resonances 120-140 ppm, 1 resonance ~200 ppm.

Compound A' -- 3 resonances < 50 ppm, 2 resonances 120-140 ppm.

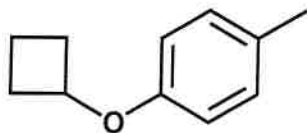
Compound B' -- 3 resonances < 50 ppm, 3 resonances 120-140 ppm.



Name _____

6. (15 points) Propose an efficient synthetic route from the indicated starting material to the target. You may use any other starting materials and reagents. Show the expected product after each step in your synthetic route. (Do not provide mechanistic information.)

Starting material =



Target =

